

**Updates and Errata for ACTEX Study Manual
for SOA Exam FM, Spring 2017 Edition
June 6, 2017**

Note: Only the last 3 items below apply to the Second Printing of the Spring 2017 Edition of the manual. (All of the items in this list apply to the original printing.)

Page M1-48, Problem 7., last line:

Replace “ $d(4)$ ” with “ $\delta(4)$ ”

Page M1-65, Solution to Problem 1., 4th line:

Replace “ $(1 - 0.05/4)^{-4} = 1.05160 - 1 + i$ ” with “ $(1 - 0.05/4)^{-4} = 1.05160 = 1 + i$ ”

Page M2-14, Example 2.31, last 2 lines should read:

FV = 20,000, and CPT PMT = **-712.91**
The level payment is **712.91**.

Page M2-15, first 2 paragraphs should read:

The problem of Example (2.31) could also have been solved with the calculator in END mode. In that case, you would enter the same values:

N = 12, I/Y = 4.5, PV = -5,000, FV = 20,000, and CPT PMT = **-744.99**
744.99 is the amount you would need to deposit at the *end* of each year. Since this problem involves deposits made one year earlier (at the beginning of each year), the deposits should be smaller by a factor of $1 / (1 + i)$:

$$\frac{744.99}{1.045} = 712.91$$

Page M2-15, Exercise 2.32, the answer shown is incorrect:

Replace “708.43” with “**668.33**”

Page M2-34, Exercise 2.82, the answer shown is incorrect:

Replace “2,286.96” with “**2,113.35**”

Page M2-52, equations at bottom of page, the first line should read:

$$(\bar{Ia})_{\overline{n}|} = \int_{t=0}^n t \cdot v^t \cdot dt = \left[\frac{t \cdot v^t}{-\delta} + \frac{v^t}{-\delta^2} \right]_{t=0}^n$$

Page M5-14, Example 5.21, 2nd line of 4th paragraph:

Replace “I=15” with “**I=10**”

Page M5-14, Exercise 5.22, Answers:

Replace “NPV(B)=5,646.33” with “NPV(B)=5,646.53”

Page M6-11, Exercise 6.9, Answer:

Replace “0.0551” with “0.0546”

Page M6-20, Problem 5., 2nd paragraph, 2nd line:

Replace “ $j_n = i_{1,n}$ ” with “ $j_n = i_{1,n+1}$ ”

Page M7-12, Example (7.21) and Exercise (7.22) should read as follows:

Example (7.21)

An annual-coupon par bond has a face value of 1,000, a coupon rate of 5%, and 3 years to maturity. **Its yield equals the coupon rate, so we have:**

$$D_{\text{mac}} = \frac{50(Ia)_{\overline{3}|0.05} + 3(1,000)v^3}{50(a_{\overline{3}|0.05}) + (1,000)v^3} = \frac{50(5.35795) + 3,000(.86384)}{50(2.72325) + 1,000(.86384)} = 2.86 = \ddot{a}_{\overline{3}|0.05}$$

Exercise (7.22)

An annual-coupon par bond has a face value of 1,000, a coupon rate of 6%, and 5 years to maturity. Find D_{mac} **using Formula (7.20), and confirm that it equals $\ddot{a}_{\overline{5}|6\%}$.**

Answer: 4.47

Page M7-32, Inequality near bottom of page:

Replace “ $PV^A(i_0) > PV^L(i)$ ” with “ $PV^A(i) > PV^L(i)$ ”

Page M7-47, Equation in 3rd paragraph:

Replace “ $D = 0.2638(3) + 0.7362(4) = 3.7362$ ”
with “ $D_{\text{mac}} = 0.2638(3) + 0.7362(4) = 3.7362$ ”

Page M9-12, Exercise (9.5), the question should read:

In Example (9.3), if the 1-year spot rate at time 2 is 7.4%, what payments will be made or received **at time 3** by XYZ, by Contra, and by the lender?

Page M9-20, Example (9.14), the last sentence of the large paragraph should read:

What is the fixed interest rate that WXY will pay to the counterparty in return for receiving payments at times 2 through 5 based on the 1-year spot rates in effect at the beginning of the 2nd through 5th years?

Page M9-21, last formula on the page:

Replace $R \cdot a_{\overline{n}|} + v_{s_n}^n = 1$ with $R \cdot a_{\overline{n}|} + v^n = 1$.

Page M9-37, last paragraph, next-to-last line:

Replace $4.5\% - 4\% + 3\% = 3.5\%$ with $4.5\% - 4\% + 3\% = 3.5\%$.

Page PE5-8, Problem 33., last sentence should read:

Calculate the present value of the perpetuity at a 3.4% annual effective interest rate.

Page PE6-17, the last 3 paragraphs should read:

The last payment includes this outstanding balance plus interest for one period. So the last payment is $564.89(1+i) = 567.19$.

In total, there are 99 payments of 1,060.11, then 158 payments of 1,460.11, and a final payment of 567.19. The total amount paid is 336,215.56, and the amount of interest paid is $336,215.56 - 200,000 = 136,215.56$.

This problem can also be solved entirely on the BA II Plus:

N=360, I/Y=0.004074, PV=200,000, and FV=0. CPT PMT = -1,060.11.

N=261 (no. of pmts. remaining after 99 pmts.) CPT PV = 170,162.81.

PMT=-1,460.11, CPT N = 158.3880.

N=158, CPT FV = -564.98.

$564.89 \times 1.004074 + 158 \times 1,460.11 + 99 \times 1,060.11 = 336,215.56$

$336,215.56 - 200,000 = 136,215.56$

Page PE7-7, Problem 23., last sentence should read:

If the present value is 40, calculate X.

Page PE11-18, Problem 19., 5th line of formulas should read:

$$100c \cdot \left[(1+s_1)^{-1} + (1+s_2)^{-2} + (1+s_3)^{-3} + (1+s_4)^{-4} \right] + 100 \cdot (1+s_4)^{-4} = 100$$

The following items apply to the Second Printing of the Spring 2017 Edition of the manual (and also to the original printing):

Page MT2-3, Problem 11., 2nd paragraph, 2nd line:

Replace “8 annual payments” with “**5** annual payments”

Page M9-31, Problem 1.:

Replace “3-year interest rate swap” with “**5**-year interest rate swap.”

Page PE8-6, Problem 24., last sentence should read:

Replace “1-year-deferred, 2-year interest rate swap”
with “**3-year** interest rate swap”